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LEED[®] FOR New CONSTRUCTION (LEED[®]-NC)



Global warming is one of the top social, political, and commercial issues of our time.

Let the Reliable Controls[®] MACH-System put you at the helm of sustainability and maximize the LEED-BD and C points on your next construction project.

egory	Item	Points	Benefits of the Reliable Controls [®] MACH-System
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stainable Site	1		
Credit 8	Light Pollution Reduction	1	Automatically turn off all non-emergency lighting during non-business hours.
ter Efficiency	,		
Credit 1.1	Water Efficient Landscaping	1	Reduce or eliminate irrigation requirement with climate-based control.
Credit 3.1	Water Use Reduction	1	Use occupant sensors to reduce potable water demand by 20%.
Credit 3.2	Water Use Reduction	1	Use occupant sensors to reduce potable water demand by 30%.
aray ⁹ Atmos	nhoro		
Prereg 1	Fundamental Commissioning	Y	Verify energy related systems are calibrated and performing to requirements.
Prereg 2		Y	Establish a minimum level of energy efficiency for HVAC, lighting and other systems.
Credit 1	Optimize Energy Performance	3	Use BAS to implement prescriptive compliance path.
Credit 3		1	Provide operating staff the information needed to optimally operate the systems.
Credit 4	Ŭ	1	Maintain equipment to prevent leakage of refrigerant to the atmosphere.
Credit 5		1	Monitor and trend energy systems to provide energy performance accountability.
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	-	v	Palance ventilation rates on energy use to entimize efficiency and ecoupert health
Prereq 1	Minimum IAQ Performance	Y	Balance ventilation rates on energy use to optimize efficiency and occupant health.
Prereq 1 Prereq 2	Minimum IAQ Performance Environmental Tobacco Smoke Control	Y	Effectively control the ventilation air in smoking rooms.
Prereq 1 Prereq 2 Credit 1	Minimum IAQ Performance Environmental Tobacco Smoke Control Outdoor Air Delivery Monitoring	Y 1	Effectively control the ventilation air in smoking rooms. Monitor carbon dioxide and airflow and use BAS to trigger corrective action.
Prereq 1 Prereq 2 Credit 1 Credit 2	Minimum IAQ Performance Environmental Tobacco Smoke Control Outdoor Air Delivery Monitoring Increase Ventilation	Y 1 1	Effectively control the ventilation air in smoking rooms. Monitor carbon dioxide and airflow and use BAS to trigger corrective action. Use heat recovery to minimize energy consumption associated with higher ventilatio
Prereq 1 Prereq 2 Credit 1 Credit 2 Credit 3.2	Minimum IAQ Performance Environmental Tobacco Smoke Control Outdoor Air Delivery Monitoring Increase Ventilation Construction IAQ Management Plan	Y 1 1 1	Effectively control the ventilation air in smoking rooms. Monitor carbon dioxide and airflow and use BAS to trigger corrective action. Use heat recovery to minimize energy consumption associated with higher ventilation Prior to occupancy, perform a building flush-out or test air contaminant levels.
Prereq 1 Prereq 2 Credit 1 Credit 2 Credit 3.2 Credit 5	Minimum IAQ Performance Environmental Tobacco Smoke Control Outdoor Air Delivery Monitoring Increase Ventilation Construction IAQ Management Plan Indoor Chemical & Pollutant Source Control	Y 1 1 1 1 1	Effectively control the ventilation air in smoking rooms. Monitor carbon dioxide and airflow and use BAS to trigger corrective action. Use heat recovery to minimize energy consumption associated with higher ventilatio Prior to occupancy, perform a building flush-out or test air contaminant levels. Exhaust spaces with hazardous gases to create negative pressure for adjacent space
Prereq 1 Prereq 2 Credit 1 Credit 2 Credit 3.2	Minimum IAQ PerformanceEnvironmental Tobacco Smoke ControlOutdoor Air Delivery MonitoringIncrease VentilationConstruction IAQ Management PlanIndoor Chemical & Pollutant Source ControlControllability of Systems	Y 1 1 1	Effectively control the ventilation air in smoking rooms. Monitor carbon dioxide and airflow and use BAS to trigger corrective action. Use heat recovery to minimize energy consumption associated with higher ventilatio Prior to occupancy, perform a building flush-out or test air contaminant levels. Exhaust spaces with hazardous gases to create negative pressure for adjacent space Integrate lighting controllability while managing overall energy use in building.
Prereq 1 Prereq 2 Credit 1 Credit 2 Credit 3.2 Credit 5 Credit 6.1	Minimum IAQ PerformanceEnvironmental Tobacco Smoke ControlOutdoor Air Delivery MonitoringIncrease VentilationConstruction IAQ Management PlanIndoor Chemical & Pollutant Source ControlControllability of Systems	Y 1 1 1 1 1 1	Effectively control the ventilation air in smoking rooms. Monitor carbon dioxide and airflow and use BAS to trigger corrective action. Use heat recovery to minimize energy consumption associated with higher ventilatio Prior to occupancy, perform a building flush-out or test air contaminant levels. Exhaust spaces with hazardous gases to create negative pressure for adjacent space Integrate lighting controllability while managing overall energy use in building. Evaluate interaction between thermal comfort and acceptable indoor air quality.
Prereq 1 Prereq 2 Credit 1 Credit 2 Credit 3.2 Credit 5 Credit 6.1 Credit 6.2	Minimum IAQ Performance Environmental Tobacco Smoke Control Outdoor Air Delivery Monitoring Increase Ventilation Construction IAQ Management Plan Indoor Chemical & Pollutant Source Control Controllability of Systems Controllability of Systems Thermal Comfort	Y 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Effectively control the ventilation air in smoking rooms. Monitor carbon dioxide and airflow and use BAS to trigger corrective action. Use heat recovery to minimize energy consumption associated with higher ventilatio Prior to occupancy, perform a building flush-out or test air contaminant levels. Exhaust spaces with hazardous gases to create negative pressure for adjacent space Integrate lighting controllability while managing overall energy use in building.
Prereq 1 Prereq 2 Credit 1 Credit 2 Credit 3.2 Credit 5 Credit 6.1 Credit 6.2 Credit 7.1	Minimum IAQ PerformanceEnvironmental Tobacco Smoke ControlOutdoor Air Delivery MonitoringIncrease VentilationConstruction IAQ Management PlanIndoor Chemical & Pollutant Source ControlControllability of SystemsControllability of SystemsThermal ComfortThermal Comfort	Y 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Effectively control the ventilation air in smoking rooms. Monitor carbon dioxide and airflow and use BAS to trigger corrective action. Use heat recovery to minimize energy consumption associated with higher ventilation Prior to occupancy, perform a building flush-out or test air contaminant levels. Exhaust spaces with hazardous gases to create negative pressure for adjacent space Integrate lighting controllability while managing overall energy use in building. Evaluate interaction between thermal comfort and acceptable indoor air quality. Evaluate air temperature, radiant temperature, air speed, and relative humidity. Provide for the assessment of building thermal comfort over time.
Prereq 2 Credit 1 Credit 2 Credit 3.2 Credit 5.1 Credit 6.1 Credit 6.2 Credit 7.1 Credit 7.2	Minimum IAQ Performance Environmental Tobacco Smoke Control Outdoor Air Delivery Monitoring Increase Ventilation Construction IAQ Management Plan Indoor Chemical & Pollutant Source Control Controllability of Systems Controllability of Systems Thermal Comfort Thermal Comfort Daylight & Views	Y 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Effectively control the ventilation air in smoking rooms. Monitor carbon dioxide and airflow and use BAS to trigger corrective action. Use heat recovery to minimize energy consumption associated with higher ventilation Prior to occupancy, perform a building flush-out or test air contaminant levels. Exhaust spaces with hazardous gases to create negative pressure for adjacent space Integrate lighting controllability while managing overall energy use in building. Evaluate interaction between thermal comfort and acceptable indoor air quality. Evaluate air temperature, radiant temperature, air speed, and relative humidity.
Prereq 1 Prereq 2 Credit 1 Credit 2 Credit 3.2 Credit 5 Credit 6.1 Credit 6.2 Credit 7.1 Credit 7.2 Credit 8.1	Minimum IAQ Performance Environmental Tobacco Smoke Control Outdoor Air Delivery Monitoring Increase Ventilation Construction IAQ Management Plan Indoor Chemical & Pollutant Source Control Controllability of Systems Controllability of Systems Thermal Comfort Thermal Comfort Daylight & Views Daylight & Views	Y 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Effectively control the ventilation air in smoking rooms. Monitor carbon dioxide and airflow and use BAS to trigger corrective action. Use heat recovery to minimize energy consumption associated with higher ventilatio Prior to occupancy, perform a building flush-out or test air contaminant levels. Exhaust spaces with hazardous gases to create negative pressure for adjacent space Integrate lighting controllability while managing overall energy use in building. Evaluate interaction between thermal comfort and acceptable indoor air quality. Evaluate air temperature, radiant temperature, air speed, and relative humidity. Provide for the assessment of building thermal comfort over time. Maximize interior day lighting with automatic photocell-based controls to 75% of spa

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